

## **Key Financials AY 22/23**

Greenyard confirms positive financial year, reinforcing its market position and looking ahead with confidence

June 2023



for a healthier future

#### Disclaimer

#### | PRELIMINARY NOTES

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**Glossary** - All definitions are available in the Glossary of the Annual Report.



### Agenda

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### **Today's Presenters**









#### Key strategic and operational highlights



Positive results in tough macro-economic context



ICR, convenience and efficiencies continue to boost profitability



Implementing **strategy 2030**: on trend with its vision on the future of food



Greenyard is **investing** for the future – to increase F&V consumption



Sustainability: roadmap published and performance on track





#### Implementing Strategy 2030: Vision on the future of food



#### 3 stages starting immediately, each fuelling the other



### Leverage Integrated Customer Relationships (ICR)

- -> further consolidate existing ICRs
- -> new pipeline ICRs



### Continuous efficiency improvements

-> continue new initiatives to become more efficient



### Increased capacity for expanding convenience assortment

- -> creation new products
- -> same % with higher volumes



### Examine external growth through selective M&A

- -> sector consolidation
- -> roll-out model



### Take fair share in fast growing pure plant market

-> new moments of convenience: e.g. vegan gelato



### **Digitisation** for new services and product offering

- -> e.g forecasting
- -> future new business models

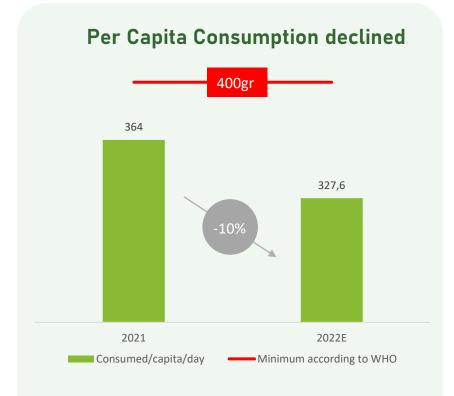


## **Sustainability** inherent part of decision-making

-> in all domains of the business



#### Per capita consumption takes a dip, while Greenyard volumes remain robust



- Decline driven by low consumption levels millennials and low-income population
- In times of crisis, tendency towards less healthy diets
- misconception of impact of inflation on prices

#### Greenyard volumes remain stable, indicating market share gain

	Price	Volume
Fresh	+7,8%	-1,9%
Long-Fresh	+12%	+4,5%
Group	+8,7%	-0,8%

- Versus market consumption drop, very limited drop in Greenyard volumes
- Indicating market share gain in the European market with its customers
- Volumes lost in Fresh from downtrading have been absorbed in Long-Fresh
- Demonstrating synergies at consumer level and uniqueness of the model and combination of Fresh and Long-Fresh segment



#### ICR and convenience boost solid profitability

#### **Integrated Customer Relationships**

"Ramping up our services and products in our ICRs, provides a stable foundation for profitability"



- Greenyard's unique business model is the core and stability of its Fresh segment, ramping up further and gaining market share for its customers.
- Creating a stable margin and solid volumes, even in tough markets

#### **Convenience Long Fresh**

"Through a higher-end product range, we service customers in products that are easy and fast to use without compromising on health"



- Growth in Long Fresh as consequence of return out-of-home consumptions
- Convenience continues to take up 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the product offering.
- Higher-end products with a higher margin.

#### Efficiency and inflation-resilient

"Our unique strategic supply chain oversights provides a basis to continuously find efficiency gains and be inflation resistant"



- Greenyard continues to find efficiency gains as part of its "improve" strategy
- In addition, its unique ICRs and long term relationships with its customers provide a stable basis for coping with inflation



#### Market trends will drive further consolidation, Greenyard to play leading role

#### **Market Trends**

"Market trends becoming an ever important driver to reckon with, requiring substance and scale"





















"Scale matters, in terms of markets and in terms of product assortment"

#### The Greenyard Answer

- Greenyard has a broad footprint,
- builds long term relationship with its customers (ICR – model) and
- pursues unconditionally sustainable operations

Greenyard will play a leading role in accelerating further consolidation and roll-out of its model.

Both are beneficial for customer, consumer and sector alike.

Greenyard analyses its
strategic options to
consolidate or create
partnerships with likeminded organisations



## Focus on innovative products to increase consumption of fruit and veggies: Gigi acquisition

- Greenyard is a pure-plant powerhouse
- We believe in our healthy products and healthy snacking, pleasurable and convenient
- We continuously look for new opportunities to increase consumption moments of Fruit and Vegetables
- Boosts its pure-plant product range with the acquisition of Gigi
   Gelato, a deliciously guilt-free gelato, 100% powered by nature.
- Three flavours: strawberry, blueberry, beetroot + Mango, passion fruit, fennel + Ginger, orange, carrot



"Best food-to-go Product of the year"
By Food Matters Live (London)



"Winner of Future Goods" Lidl (NL)

By the Guild of Fine Food (UK)

"Great Taste Award"



"Winner of Product Pitch Albert Heijn" Albert Heijn (NL)







#### **Sustainability**

Roadmap with clearly defined targets:

Climate Change Food Waste Water Management

Packaging

Responsible sourcing

- 50% reduction Scope 1 and 2 by 2025
- 70% reduction Scope 1 and 2
   CO<sup>2</sup> emissions by 2030
- 70% of suppliers (scope 3) to commit to SBTI by 2026
- Reduce avoidable food waste in own production 25% by 2025, 50% 2030.
- Valorise all residual streams and by-product flows of our food production by 2025
- Assess water risk of all growers by 2025
- Set up projects to optimise water usage in operations.
- Reduce primary water intensity by 10% (extra) by 2025.
- 100% recyclable by 2025
- Align with recycling schemes in key markets to ensure actual recycling.
- Reduce amount without reducing shelf-life.
- 30% recycled in non-food packaging by 2030.
- 100% certification social compliance in high and medium risk origins by 2025.

Progress

- 13% reduction versus baseline
- >10% suppliers Science based targets, larger group actively working.
- Trainings organised

- 193KT of foodwaste, of which 58% is re-used.
- Resulting in additional 2% decrease compared to last year.
- 4,2% extra water saved (4m m³)
- LOI with PIDPA (on site water purification)
- Water risk assessment: 85% coverage
- 99% recyclable consumer packaging
- 30% recyclable non-food packaging achieved
- 80% growers in high risk and medium risk certifiedSupplier code of conduct



#### **Examples of how sustainability is part of our every day operations**

**Finance** 



New sustainability linked loan

4 KPI's achieved



Logistics



New e-Truck at Bakker **Suppliers** 



Supplier Code of Conduct rolled out

**Operations** 



Water project to purify water onsite (cooperation PIDPA) **Product** 



Pure-plant healthy product assortment expanding (e.g. GIGI)

Waste



Citrus line: better sorting, closed line feedback to growers





Responsibility Prevention
Compliance RULES
SUPPLIER CODE OF CONDUCT
Obligations Environment RIGHTS
POLICY Regulations







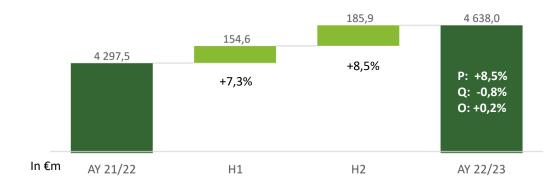




## Key Financials Group | Adj EBITDA, Leverage and NFD have improved as compared to LY, while Net result slightly declines due to non-recurrings and higher interest

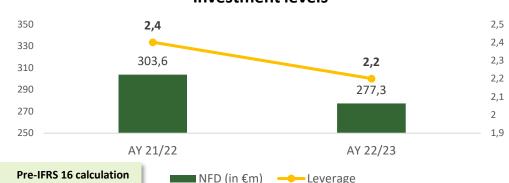
YoY LfL sales\* increase of +7,9%, mainly realised with our integrated customer relationships, volume growth in Long Fresh and accelerating sales price increases

Despite economic turmoil with high inflation, margin pressure and consumers hesitant on Fresh purchases, the Adj EBITDA ends slightly above LY (+0,5%)

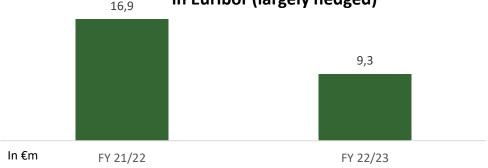




Further reduction of leverage versus LY thanks to AP/AR despite inflated inventory value and higher investment levels



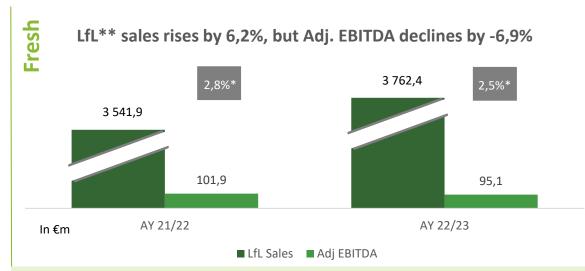
Decline of net result landing just below € 10m due to non-recurring organisational measures and an increase in Euribor (largely hedged)



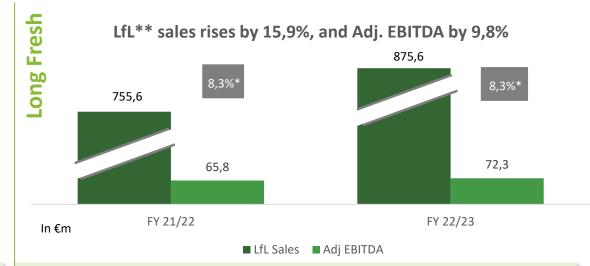
**GREENYARD** 

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# **Key Financials Segments** | Limited volume and margin decline in Fresh thanks to ICR customers; strong volume growth and effective inflation mgt in Long Fresh



- Fresh LfL sales amount to € 3 762,4m, up € 220,5m from € 3 541,9m LY (+6,2%).
- Sales within the integrated customer relationships remains stable at ~75% of Fresh revenues which continues to prove a stable financial basis even in volatile times.
- The sales growth is explained by a negative volume effect of -1,9% related to more out-of-home consumption post-COVID, and consumers hesitating due to loss of purchase power. This is compensated by F&V sales price increases amounting to 7,8% including +0,8% FX tailwinds. Please note that price dynamics in Fresh are not only driven by cost inflation but also by supply-demand volatility in the many F&V categories.
- Adjusted EBITDA in 22/23 is lower than in 21/22 due to margin and volume pressure.
   Not all inflation has been charged through as retailers did not fully adapt their prices to protect market share. In some countries we took additional reorganisation measures.
- We have spent € 33m capex in Fresh in 22/23 to maintain our platforms and equipment. Further, we are rolling out an ERP system which will lead to efficiency improvements.



- Long Fresh sales amounts to € 875,6m, up € 120,0m from € 755,6m LY (+15,9%).
- LfL sales are growing double digit (+15,9%) of which 4,5% is driven by additional volume in retail and food service both exceeding the pre-COVID level. We noticed a shift to private label products benefiting Greenyard. 12% of the sales growth is explained by sales price increases to cover the inflation and comprises -0,8% FX headwinds. Furthermore, NS related to transport activities decreases with -0,6%.
- In absolute terms, the Adjusted EBITDA rises with € 6,5m thanks to the volume increases and a one-off recovery of previous years' contributions related to water mgt. The margin remains stable at 8,3% as we were able to manage out production inefficiencies caused by lower crop yields due to drought and scarcity in labour, and high cost inflation by several waves of sales price increases (with a little delay).
- We have spent € 33,5m capex in Long Fresh in 22/23 to keep our factories up-to-date and invest in higher capacity and in developing our convenience offering.



<sup>\*</sup> Adj EBITDA margin is calculated on the basis of reported sales

<sup>\*\*</sup> Divestments: Prepared Netherlands and Bardsley Fruit Enterprises in July 2021 and Fresh UK in March 2022 (in process)

## Net result evolution | Net result lands at € 9,3m which is below LY mainly due to non-recurring additional reorganization measures and increase in Euribor

In m€	AY 21/22	AY 22/23	Growth
Sales	4 400,5	4 690,1	6,6%
Cost of sales	-4 105,7	-4 395,4	7,1%
Gross Profit	294,8	294,7	0,0%
Overhead	- 236,6	- 246,0	4,0%
EBIT	58,3	48,7	-16,4%
Net finance cost	- 34,4	- 34,4	0,0%
Result before income tax	23,9	14,3	-40,1%
Income tax expense	- 7,0	- 5,0	-28,4%
Net result	16,9	9,3	-45,0%
EBIT	58,3	48,7	-16,4%
Depreciation and amortisation	99,8	101,4	1,5%
Impairment PP&E	0,4	0,0	-100,0%
EBITDA	158,5	150,1	-5,3%
Reorganisation costs	2,9	5,1	76,7%
Corporate finance related project costs	0,2	0,4	84,3%
Costs related to legal claims	2,8	1,8	-35,2%
Result on sale of assets	0,0	- 1,0	-
Other adjustments	0,6	1,5	161,9%
Adjustments	6,4	7,7	20,2%
Result on sale of divestitures	- 2,7	0,0	-100,0%
Current year EBITDA of divestitures	4,2	9,5	125,1%
Divestitures (not in IFRS 5 scope)	1,6	9,5	505,4%
Adjusted EBITDA	166,5	167,3	0,5%

**Net finance cost**: Interest cost is higher than last year due to rise in Euribor, however, compensated by a positive interest hedge result (in 22/23) and expensing of transaction costs on previous financing (in 21/22)

**Income tax expense**: Effective tax rate of 35%, due to non-deductible costs eg. amortization of clients relations, and minimum taxations

**Depreciation & amortisation**: slightly higher than LY due to higher investment level

**Reorganisation costs**: costs related to organizational changes to further develop the Fresh organization a.o. related to wind-down of Fresh UK

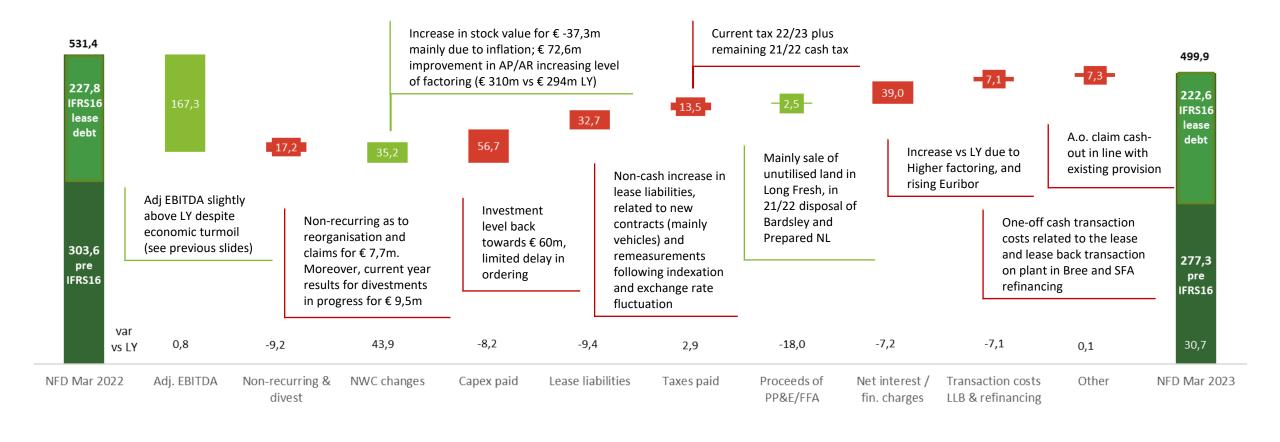
Claim costs: important historical claim settled for which provisions existed

**Result on sale of assets**: sale of unutilized land in the Long Fresh segment

**Divestitures**: current year results related to the wind-down of Fresh UK (21/22 and 22/23) and asset-light strategy reorientation of Fresh FR (22/23); gain on sale of Prepared NL and Bardsley (21/22)



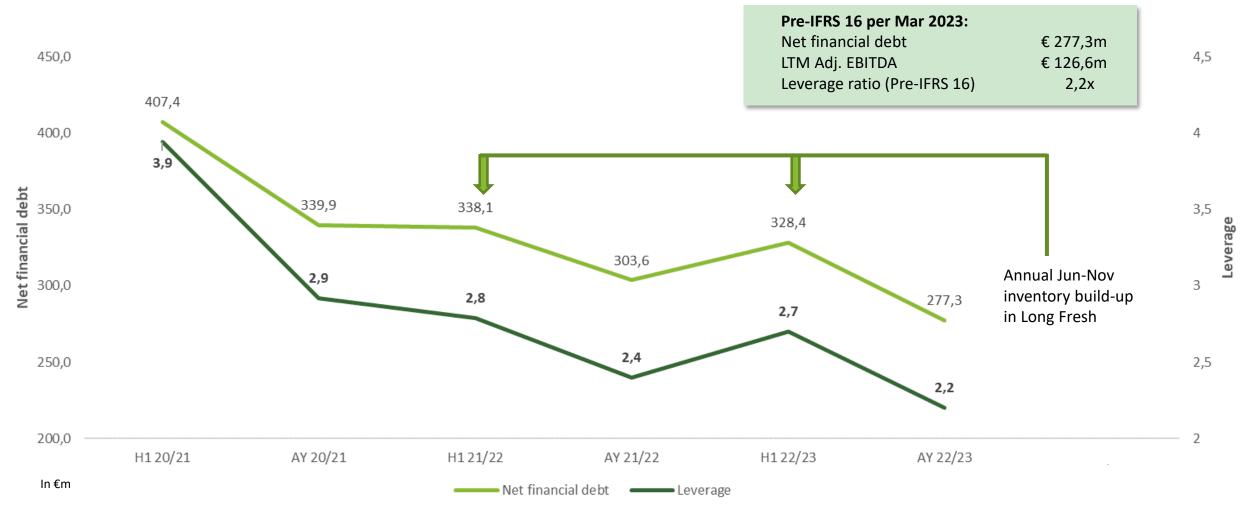
# Net Financial Debt evolution | Decrease of net debt supported by a stable adj EBITDA, and improving working capital despite non-recurrings, higher interest and capex



In €m



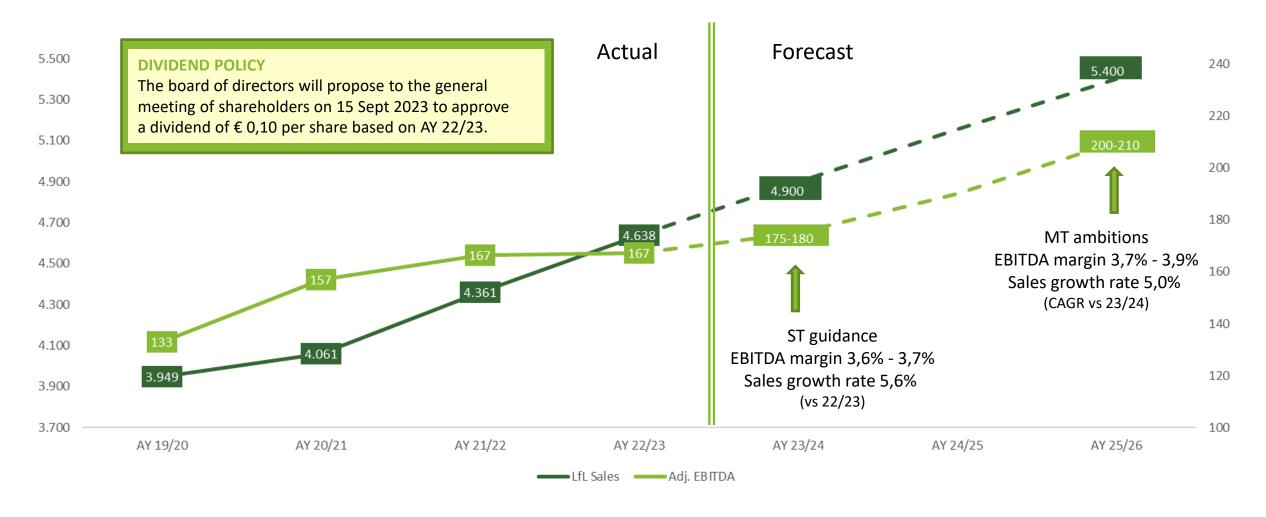
# **Leverage evolution (Pre-IFRS 16)** | Deleverage path continued within 2,0-2,5x range, as per Mar 23, the leverage lands at 2,2x or 0,2x better than LY



<sup>\*</sup> Pre-IFRS 16 covenant, conform bank definition



# Future projections | Greenyard expects to realize an Adj EBITDA of € 175-180m in 23/24 and has the ambition to reach € 200-210m two years later by March 2026





## **Open for Questions**

